What is a Bee Hive? Presented by Ed Blanton

- There are different types of Bee Hives
- The Warre (pronounced: WAR-ray)

The Top Bar

- The Langstroth
- Why is the Langstroth Hive is the most popular?
 - Most available resources of any hive style
 Hives are made to an industry standard, so hive components can be mixed and matched between suppliers
 - Many accessories and upgrades are available
 - 4 sided frame provides comb stability



The modern bee hive is like a highly efficient multistoried factory with each "story" having a specific function. These "stories" work together to provide a home for bees and a honey factory for the beekeeper.

- A) Hive Cover telescoping cover "telescopes" over the sides of the too super to protect the hive. Galvanized covering.
- B) Inner Cover Creates a dead air space for insulation from he and cold.
- C) Shallow Supers For "surplus" honey storage. Bees store their extra boney in these for the beekeeper to take. 6%", 5%" months or some holding in their stores in surgicity.
- D) Queen Excluder Keeps the queen bee in the brood chambers as she is too large to pass through the excluder.
- E) Hive Bodies --- "Brood Chambers" are the bee's living quarters.
- also stored for the bees' food.
- ing winter. () Hive Stand — Supports the hive off the ground to keep hive bottom drv and insulate hive.
- Successful beekeeping means easy manipulation of the frames of brood and honey to provide a "surplas" of honey beyond that needed by the bees to live on and rear their replacements. It is this "surplus" that the beekeeper removes and markets.

Components of the Hive



